

THE BIBLE STUDY PROGRAM

WEEK 100 – Psalm 117 – 122 & 2 Timothy 3 – 4

WEEK 100 – ANSWERS

1. **Sunday** – Worship/Time With Family/Review Answers With Others
2. **Monday** –
 - 1) **Psalm 117 – Read & Answer Below**
 - a) How many times in this short chapter does the word “praise” occur? (Three times, vs. 1-2)
 - b) What are the first four words of this chapter? (O Praise the Lord, vs. 1)
 - c) According to this psalm, God is to be praised for what two reasons? (Because of His merciful kindness and truth, vs. 2)
 - d) The psalmist says that God should be praised, “For His merciful _____ is _____ toward us: and the _____ of the Lord endureth for ever....” (kindness; great; truth, vs. 2)
 - e) What is the last phrase of this chapter? (Praise ye the Lord, vs. 2)
 - 2) **2 Timothy 3 – Read Only**
3. **Tuesday** –
 - 1) **Psalm 118 – Read & Answer Below**
 - a) In the first four verses the phrase “His mercy endureth for ever” occurs _____ times. (four, vs. 1-4)
 - b) What verse reads, “The Lord is on my side; I will not fear: what can man do unto me?” (Psalm 118:6)
 - c) Keeping with one of the main themes in the book of Psalms, what verse records, “It is better to trust in the Lord than to put confidence in man?” (Psalm 118:8)
 - d) What verse says, “The Lord is my strength and song, and is become my salvation?” (Psalm 118:14)
 - e) In prophetic fashion Psalm 118:22 reads, “The _____ which the builders _____ is become the _____ stone of the corner.” (stone; refused; head)
 - f) What verse says, “This is the Lord’s doing; it is marvellous in our eyes?” (Psalm 118:23)
 - g) Psalm 118:24 declares, “This is the day which the _____ hath made; we will _____ and be glad in it.” (Lord; rejoice)
 - h) What late verse begins, “Blessed be he that cometh in the name of the Lord...?” (Psalm 118:26)
 - i) What two verses state, “O give thanks unto the Lord; for He is good: for [or because] His mercy endureth for ever?” (Psalm 118:1, 29)
 - 2) **2 Timothy 3 – Read & Answer Below**
 - a) 2 Timothy 3:2 refers to evil men who “shall be _____ of their own selves....” (lovers)

- b) 2 Timothy 3:2 also refers to evil ones who are "...covetous, boasters, proud, blasphemers, disobedient to _____, _____, unholy." (parents; unthankful)
- c) The phrase, "...lovers of pleasure more than lovers of God" is found in what early verse? (2 Timothy 3:4)
- d) What verse refers to those who are "Ever learning, and never able to come to the knowledge of the truth?" (2 Timothy 3:7)
- e) In what verse does Paul tell Timothy, "But thou hast fully known my doctrine, manner of life, purpose, faith, longsuffering...etc.?" (2 Timothy 3:10-11)
- f) 2 Timothy 3:12 reveals, "Yea, and all that will live _____ in Christ Jesus _____ suffer _____." (godly; shall; persecution)
- g) Timothy begin learning the Scriptures when he was a _____. (child, vs. 15)
- h) Speaking of the fact that Scripture is from God and not mankind, 2 Timothy 3:16 reads, "_____ is given by inspiration of _____, and is profitable for _____, for _____, for _____, for _____ in righteousness." (All; scripture; God; doctrine; reproof; correction; instruction)
- i) 2 Timothy 3:17 continues, "That the man of God may be perfect, throughly _____ unto _____ good works." (furnished; all)

4. **Wednesday** – .

1) Psalm 119 – Read & Answer Below

- a) What is the main subject of this chapter? (The Word of God!)
- b) What early verse records the question, "Wherewithal shall a young man cleanse his way?" (Psalm 119:9)
- c) The famous verse, "Thy word have I hid in mine heart, that I might not sin against Thee" is found in what early verse? (Psalm 119:11)
- d) Psalm 119:24 says, "Thy _____ also are my _____ and my _____." (testimonies; delight; counsellors)
- e) The last phrase of Psalm 119:42 reveals, "...for I _____ in thy word." (trust)
- f) Psalm 119:67 states, "Before I was _____ I went astray: but now have I kept Thy word." (afflicted)
- g) Psalm 119:89 reads, "For ever, O Lord, Thy _____ is settled in heaven." (word)
- h) Psalm 119:97 begins, "O how _____ I Thy _____...." (love; law)
- i) Psalm 119:104-105 reads, "Through Thy _____ I get understanding: therefore I _____ every _____ way. Thy _____ is a _____ unto my feet, and a _____ unto my path." (precepts; hate; false; word; lamp; light)
- j) Psalm 119:148 states, "Mine eyes prevent the night watches, that I might _____ in Thy word." (meditate)
- k) Psalm 119:165 reveals, "Great _____ have they which _____ Thy law...." (peace; love)
- l) What verse near the end of the chapter reads, "My tongue shall speak of Thy word: for all Thy commandments are righteousness?" (Psalm 119:172)

2) 2 Timothy 3 – Read & Word Study/Research

- a) 2 Timothy 3:1 begins, "This _____ also...." (know)

- b) In this chapter, are those who are “disobedient to parents” and those who are “unthankful,” condemned right along with the “covetous” and “blasphemers,” etc.? (Yes, vs. 2)
- c) What does the sin of “without natural affection” mean in 2 Timothy 3:3? (This refers to the lack of familial love. It is seen in child abuse, abortion, sibling hatred, spousal abuse, etc.)
- d) What does the sin of “incontinent” mean in 2 Timothy 3:3? (This refers to one who is without control or restraint. They don’t control themselves or hold themselves in with regard to sin (i.e., sexual sins, sins of the tongue, etc.)
- e) What does the sin of “heady” mean in 2 Timothy 3:4? (This refers to one who is head strong and acts without thinking. He is a fool who rushes in. They do not reason correctly.)
- f) What are the names of the two wicked men who once withstood Moses? (Jannes and Jambres, vs. 8)
- g) Referencing false teachers, 2 Timothy 3:13 reads, “But evil men and seducers shall wax _____ and _____, _____, and being _____.” (worse; worse; deceiving; deceived)
- h) In 2 Timothy 3:14, Paul instructs Timothy, “But _____ thou in the _____ which thou hast _____ and hast been _____ of, knowing of whom thou hast learned them.” (continue; things; learned; assured)
- i) 2 Timothy 3:15 continues, “And that from a _____ thou hast known the _____, which are _____ to make thee wise unto salvation through _____ which is in Christ Jesus.” (child; holy; scriptures; able; faith)

5. **Thursday** –

1) Psalm 120 – Read & Answer Below

- a) Psalm 120:1 declares, “In my _____ I _____ unto the Lord, and He _____ me.” (distress; cried; helped)
- b) In this chapter, does the psalmist ask God to deliver him from those with “a harsh tone” or from those with “a deceitful tongue?” (a deceitful tongue, vs. 2)
- c) In what verse does the psalmist say, “Deliver my soul, O Lord, from lying lips...?” (Psalm 120:2)
- d) The phrase “Woe is me...,” begins what verse? (Psalm 120:5)
- e) Psalm 120:6 finds the psalmist declaring, “My soul hath long dwelt with him that _____ peace.” (hateth, vs. 6)
- f) What verse records the inspired penman saying, “I am for peace: but when I speak, they are for war?” (Psalm 120:7)

2) 2 Timothy 4 – Read Only

6. **Friday** –

1) Psalm 121 – Read & Answer Below

- a) What beautiful verse in this chapter reads, “I will lift up mine eyes unto the hills, from whence cometh my help?” (Psalm 121:1)
- b) In continuation of Psalm 121:1, the next verse says, “My help cometh from the _____, which made heaven and earth.” (Lord)
- c) According to the inspired psalmist, “heaven and earth” were “made” by _____. (God, vs. 2)

- d) What verse reads, “Behold, He that keepeth Israel shall neither slumber nor sleep?” (Psalm 121:4)
 - e) What verse begins, “The Lord is thy keeper...?” (Psalm 121:5)
 - f) Psalm 121:7 tells us, “The _____ shall preserve thee from all _____: He shall _____ thy soul.” (Lord; evil; preserve)
- 2) 2 Timothy 4 – Read & Answer Below
- a) What verse begins with the powerful words, “Preach the word...?” (2 Timothy 4:2)
 - b) Please read 2 Timothy 4:3-4. Based on these verses, does “doctrine” (or teaching) matter? (Yes. There is false doctrine and sound/ true doctrine. Sadly, some will not endure or stay in “sound doctrine.”)
 - c) In 2 Timothy 4:6 Paul says, “For I am now ready to be _____, and the time of my _____ is at hand.” (offered; departure)
 - d) What famous verse finds Paul saying, “I have fought a good fight, I have finished my course, I have kept the faith?” (2 Timothy 4:7)
 - e) According to this chapter, what brother forsook Paul because he “loved this present world?” (Demas, vs. 10)
 - f) In what verse does Paul say, “Alexander the coppersmith did me much evil...?” (2 Timothy 4:14)
 - g) 2 Timothy 4:16 is a great verse. In this verse Paul declares, “At my first _____ no man stood with me, but all men forsook me: I pray _____ that it may not be laid to their charge.” (answer; God)
 - h) In what verse does Paul state, “And the Lord shall deliver me from every evil work, and will preserve me unto his heavenly kingdom...?” (2 Timothy 4:18)
 - i) What person did Paul leave “at Miletum sick?” (Trochimius, vs. 20)

7. Saturday –

- 1) Psalm 122 – Read & Answer Below
- a) Psalm 122:1 is a famous verse. It declares, “I was _____ when they said unto me, Let us go into the _____ of the _____.” (glad; house; Lord)
 - b) Was the psalmist sad, glad or indifferent about going to “the house of the Lord?” (He was glad, vs. 1)
 - c) How many times in this short chapter is the city of Jerusalem specifically mentioned by name? (Three times, vs. 2, 3, 6)
 - d) Does the phrase “to give thanks” occur anywhere within this chapter? (Yes, vs. 4)
 - e) What verse in this chapter contains the phrase, “...the thrones of the house of David?” (Psalm 122:5)
 - f) What verse begins, “Pray for the peace of Jerusalem...?” (Psalm 122:6)
 - g) “Peace be within thy walls...” begins what verse? (Psalm 122:7)
- 2) 2 Timothy 4 – Read & Word Study/Research
- a) 2 Timothy 4:1 reads, “I charge thee therefore before God, and the Lord Jesus Christ, who shall _____ the quick and the dead at His _____ and His kingdom.” (judge; appearing)
 - b) The phrase, “...but after their own lusts shall they heap to themselves teachers, having itching ears” is found in what verse? (2 Timothy 4:3)
 - c) How many times is the term “doctrine” found within the first three verses of this chapter? (twice, vs. 2-3)

- d) In 2 Timothy 4:5, Paul tells Timothy, “But _____ thou in all things, endure _____, do the work of an _____, make full proof of thy _____.” (watch; afflictions; evangelist; ministry)
- e) In what verse did Paul write, “Henceforth there is laid up for me a crown of righteousness...?” (2 Timothy 4:8)
- f) In what verse did Paul state, “...Take Mark, and bring him with thee: for he is profitable to me for the ministry?” (2 Timothy 4:11)
- g) 2 Timothy 4:13 is a very interesting verse. It reads, “The _____ that I left at Troas with Carpus, when thou comest, bring with thee, and the _____, but especially the _____.” (cloak; books; parchments)
- h) In 2 Timothy 4:14 Paul speaks of an evil doer. He declares, “_____ the coppersmith did me much _____: the Lord reward him according to his _____.” (Alexander; evil; works)
- i) 2 Timothy 4:15 continues, “Of whom be thou ware also; for he hath greatly withstood our _____.” (words)
- j) Even though no person stood with Paul at his first answer (or defense), in 2 Timothy 4:17, Paul declares, “Notwithstanding the _____ stood with me, and _____ me....” (Lord; strengthened)